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# SAULT COLLEGE OF APPLIED ARTS & TECHNOLOGY SAULT STE. MARIE, ONTARIO

COURSE OUTLINE

Course Title NURSING PRACTICE: THEORY

Code No.: NUR LQ4/114

Program: NURSING

Semester: ONE

Date: JUNE 1984

Author: B. WARNOCK P. EDWARDS

New: Revision

APPROVED

Chairperson A ^ \_ ^ Date [1

# NURSING PRACTICE THEORY • Course Name

NUR 104^/114 course Number

#### PHILOSQPHY/GOALS:

The purpose of this course is to prepare the student to use nursing process in assisting client to maintain and promote adaptation. Nursing is viewed within the context of the adaptation conceptual framework. This involves detailed examination of the steps in the nursing process, assessment, planning, intervention and evaluation. Emphasis is given to the theory and skills necessary for effective communication in promoting adaptation. The cognitive, affective and psychomotor domains of learning are involved throughout.

#### METHOD OF ASSESSMENT (GRADING METHOD)

1, Grading A 80 - 100% 8 70 - 79% I Below 70%

#### 2. Mark Allocation - Semester 1

|       |      | * | Test | Mark | -<br>-<br>-<br>- | Test on Introduction Unit Test on Exercise and Rest & Hygeine Test on Communication1 Test on Math for Meds Seminars Temperature Safety Role Sensory | 11%<br>15%<br>15%<br>10%<br>5%<br>2.5%<br>2.5%<br>5%<br>9%<br>75% |
|-------|------|---|------|------|------------------|---|---|
| Final | Exam |   |      |      | -<br>-<br>-      | on Safety on Introduction Unit on Exercise and Rest & Hygeiine on Communication on Sensory Temperature Role   | 1%<br>5%<br>8%<br>4%<br>3%<br>1%<br>3%<br>25'                     |
|       |      |   |      |      |                  | TOTAL:  | 100%  |

See Program Requirements regarding tests and exams.

75 %

# NURSING PRACTICE THEORY

Nursing 114

# Evaluation

^' Grading A 80 - 100% B 70 - 79% I Below 70%

# 2. Semester 1

| <u>Unit</u>  | <u>Test Date</u>                         | Percentage                               |
|--|--|--|
| Adaptation   | Sept. 19                                 | 3 %                                      |
| Exercise 5 Rest  | Oct. 10                                  | 10 %                                     |
| Health §<br>Nursing Process                              | Oct. 15                                  | 3 %<br>5 %                               |
| Hygiene Math for Meds Math for Meds Sensory Temp. Safety | Oct. 31<br>Oct. 31<br>Nov. 14<br>Nov. 21 | 5 %<br>3 %<br>2 %<br>9 %<br>2.5%<br>2.5% |
| Math for Meds  | Nov. 28                                  | 2 %                                      |
| Communication  | Dec. 5                                   | 15 %                                     |
| Math for Meds<br>Role                                    | Dec. 12<br>Dec. 12                       | 3 %<br>5 %                               |
| Seminar  | Dec. 18                                  | 5 %                                      |

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# Evaluation Cont'd -.•

# 3. Final^Jxam Dec. 17

|                 |       | 5 %   |
|-----------------|-------|-------|
| Introduction    | 5 %   |       |
| Exercise 5 Rest |       | J 6   |
| Hygiene         |       |       |
| Sensory         |       | 1 %   |
| Temp            |       | 1 %   |
| Safety          |       |       |
| Communication   |       | 4 %   |
| Role            |       | 3 %   |
|                 | -     | 25 %  |
|                 | TOTAL | 100 % |

#### TEXTBOOK(S):

Kozier, B. and G.L\* Erb. <u>Fundamentals of Nursing - Concepts and Procedures</u>, 2nd edition, Addison Wesley KuDiismng, Memo Hark, canrorma, lyyj.

Pender, N. <u>Health Promotion In Nursing Practice</u>, Appleton-Century-Crofts, Toronto, 1982.

Thompson, M. Workbook in the Calculation of Solutions and Dosage for Student Nurses, Kendai/Hunt Publishing Co., Dubuque, Iowa, 1962.

Reeder, S.J., L. Mastroianni and L.L. Martin. <u>Maternity Nursing</u>, 15th edition, J.B. Lippincott, Philadelphia, 19HJ<sup>A</sup>

Muldary, T.W. <u>Interpersonal Relations for Health Professionals</u>, MacMillan Publishing Co., Inc., Toronto, 19b3.

Reiss, B.S. and M.E. Melick. <u>Pharmacological Aspects of Nursing Care</u>, Delmar Publishers Inc., New York, 1982r^

Whaiey, L.F. and D.L. Wong. <u>Nursing Care of Infants and Children</u>, C-V. Mosby Co., Toronto, 1983.

Smith, Genevieve and Phyllis Davis. <u>Medical Terminology A Programmed Text</u>, 4th ed., John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Toronto,. 1981.

Urdang, L-, H.H, Swallow. <u>Mosby's Medical and Nursing Dictionary</u>, C.Y. Mosby Co., Toronto, 1983.

#### UNITS OF STUDY

| SEMESTER 1 | :  | HOURS    |
|------------|--|----------|
| UNIT 1     | Introduction to Adaptation, Health 5 The Nursing Process | 20       |
| UNIT 2     | Exercise and Rest and Hygeine                            | 20       |
| UNIT 3     | Communications (Part I)                                  | 14       |
| UNIT 4     | Protection {Part I)                                      | 3        |
| UNIT 5     | Sensory  | 9        |
| UNIT 6     | Math for Medications                                     | 9        |
|            | Evaluation and Seminar                                   | 2        |
| UNIT 7     | Role   | 9        |
| UNIT 8     | Temperature  | 3        |
|            | TOTAL  | 89 HOURS |

#### COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- 1. Explain the relationship between adaptation and nursing practice In assisting clients who require support to maintain and promote adaptation.
- 2. Demonstrate the use of the nursing process for individuals who require support to maintain and promote adaptation.
- 3. Apply theory concepts and principles of interpersonal relationships in the nursing process.
- 4. Determine the relevance of values to nursing practice.
- 5. Comply with professional expectations regarding accountability.
- 6. Recognize the need for the nurse to be a continuous learner.
- 7. Recognize the impact of the structure and function of the health care system on current practice situations.

#### NURSING PRACTICE THEORY- 1A

NURSING .104 (^"^

YEAR 1, SEMESTER 1

UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION TO ADAPTATION, HEALTH & THE NURSING PROCESS

OBJECTIVES LEARNING RESOURCES

#### THE PERSON ADAPTING

- A. Explain the concept of the person adapting.
  - A. Defiiie adaptation.
  - B. Recognize the attributes of the person from a holistic point of view.
  - C. Identify survival growth, reproduction and mastery as the person's general goals of adaptation.
  - D\* Explain characteristics of a system.
    - 1) define a system,\*input, output, feedback, boundary
    - 2) explain the characteristics of al.l systems
    - 3) recognize the relationship between adaptation and the dynamics of an open system
  - E. Use Roy's model of the person as an adaptive system.
    - 1) identify the origin of Roy's model
    - 2) classify the components
      - a) distinguish the stimuli
        - focal
        - contextual
        - residual

Health Sciences Division Philosophy

Glossary

Kozier, B. and Erb, G. Fundamentals of Nursing, 2i Edition, Addison Wesley, Di Mills, 1983, p. 56.

Kozi.er and Erb, p. 8-11.

Health Sciences Division Philosophy - Glossary

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## SAULT COLLEGE NURSING PROGRAM

#### UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION TO ADAPTATION, HEALTH & NURSING PROCESS

#### **OBJECTIVES**

LEARNING RESOURCES

- b) classify stimuli as internal and external
- c) distinguish the modes of response
  - physiological
  - self conceptrole function

  - Interdependence
- d) define adaptation lev!
- 3) use the system theory to determine the functioning of the components
- 4) determine the place of cormiunication in Roy's model of the adapting person
  - a) apply Roy\*s theory to a personal experience
  - b) identify how this personal experience met general goals of adaptation

#### II. HEALTH AND ADAPTATION

- A. Describe the concept of healthillness based on the adaptation frameworic.
  - 1) define health
  - 2) define illness
  - 3) define health-illness continuum
  - 4) relate health-illness continuum to the person adapting
- B. Explain the internal and external stimuli which determine one's perception of health.

Pender, No!a S,, Health Promotion in Nursing Practice, Appleton, Conneticut, 1982, p. 23-40

Kozier & Erb, Fundamentals of Nursing, Adaison-Wesley Co., Don Mills, 1S83, p. 39-42.

Health Sciences Division Philosophy D-1

# UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION TO ADAPTATION, HEALTH & NURSING PROCESS

#### **OBJECTIVES**

- C. Describe the "five dimensions of high level wellness" outlined in ArdelVs article,
- D. Illustrate the criteria.for health and their range of normalacy.
  - recognize statistical indices of the health of a population eg: morbidity, mortality, demographic data
  - explain the concept of environmental health
    - a) explain the elements of environmental health eg: air, water, soil, food, noise, waste disposal, occupational hazards
    - b) explain methods and activities to establish standards for environmental health
- E. Distinguish stimuli affecting community health. -
  - 1) nature or popultion eg: age level, economic level, etc.
  - community resources eg: health care system, recreation facilities, etc.
  - 3) environment eg: quality of air, water, etc.
- F. Determine the responsibility of individual to maintain own health and health of others.
- G. 1) define primary, secondary and tertiary levels of prevention
  - 2) describe the role of the nurse in primary prevention

#### LEARNING RESOURCES

Ardell, Donald B., "The Nati & Implications of High Level Wellness or Why "Normal Hea' is a Rather Sorry State of Existence", Health Values, Vol. 3, No. I,Jan./FeD. 19: p. 17-24 (Reserved in Librai

Kozier & Erb, p. 51-54.

Kozier & Erb, p. 532-534.

Pender, p. 150-162.

Ardell, Donald B'., "The Nat and Implications of High Le Wellness", <u>Health Values</u>, J Feb., 1979, p. 17-24.

Kozier & Erb, p. 41-42.

# UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION TO ADAPTATION, HEALTH & NURSING PROCESS

#### **OBJECTIVES**

LEARNING RESOURCES

3) describe the role of the client in primary prevention

Pender, p. 41-45.

#### III NURSING PROCESS

A. Describe the rationale for the use of the nursing process.

Standards of Nursing Practic for Registered Nurses.

1) define the steps of the nursing process

Kozier & Erb, p. 116-118.

2) explain 5 characteristics of the nursing process

3) explain essential elements of problem solving

Kozier & Erb, p. 119-121.

- a) describe 3 approaches to problem solving
- b) identify one\*s own style of problem solving
- c) explain the relationship of problem solving to the nursing process
- 4) identify the focus of the nursing process
- 5) describe how the nursing process relates to the goals of nursing
- Health Sciences Division Philosophy - Nursing
- B. Explain assessment of individuals who require support to maintain and promote adaptation.
- .Kozier & Erb, p. 121.
- 1) identify the purpose of nursing assessment
- 2) describe data collection as the first stage of assessment
  - a) define data conection
  - b) define objective and subjective data

#### UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION TO ADAPTATION, HEALTH & NURSING PROCESS

#### OBJECTIVES

### LEARNING RESOURCES

- C. Determine appropriate sources of Kozier & Erb, p. 122 data.

- 1) primary
- 2) secondary
- 0- Determine appropriate data collection activities.
  - 1) identify general criteria for data collection eg: accuracy, time, reliability, client comfort and safety
  - 2) explain data collection activities.

Kozier & Erb, p. 124.

- observation
- examination
- " interview
- consultation with health team. " review records, reports and
- literature
- 3) illustrate appropriateness of Case Study the above methods with a particular client situation

- 4) using Roy\*s adaptation framework analysis of data as second stage assessment
  - a) explain level one assessment
    - . i) determine client responses in each of the 4 modes
    - ii) relate norms of adaptation for appropriate age group to each client response (iceep in mind client perception of "Normal" and ability to carry out usual A.D.L. and lifestyle)
    - classify each response as adaptive or ineffective

#### UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION TO ADAPTATION, HEALTH & NURSING PROCESS

OBJECTIVES LEARNING RESOURCES

- b) explain level two assessment
  - i) determine -stimuli which influence adaptive behaviour
  - ii) determine stimuli which
     influence ineffective behaviour
- c) determine level of adaptation of client in each mode
- d) classify data frcm client situations into level one and level two assessments
- E. Choose appropriate nursing diagnoses based on assessment
  - ly define nursing diagnosis
  - 2) explain how nursing diagnoses differ from medical diagnoses
  - describe the components of a nursing diagnosis in adaptation terminology
  - 4) identify the format of a nursing diagnosis
  - 5) define the following types of nursing diagnoses
    - a) actaul
    - b) potential
    - c) possible
    - d) adaptive
  - 6) identify eleven guidelines for stating nursing diagnoses
  - 7) examine Gordon's diagnostic process
  - 8) choose nursing diagnoses from data classified in client situations

Kozier & Erb. p 135-143

Kozier & Erb, p. 137.

Kozier & Erb. p. 140-141.

Kozier & Erb, p. 142-143,

Case Study

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# UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION TO ADAPTATION, HEALTH & NURSING PROCESS

# OBJECTIVES LEARNING RESOURCES

- F. Organize a nursing care plan for individuals who require support to maintain and promote adaptation,
- Kozier & Erb, p. 143-150.

- 1) explain purpose of planning
- 2) detennine priorities

r

 a) assign a priority rating to each nursing diagnosis according to the following criteria: Roy, Sister Callista, <u>Intro-duction to Nursing</u>, Prentic HaU, Toronto 1979, p. 34.

- i) Bower's criteria
- ii) patient's preferences
- iii) treatment plan
- iv) nursing resources

Kozier *h* Erb, p 144-145

- 3) detennine short and long term goals
- Kozier & Erb, p. 145-146.

- a) define goal
- b) explain the relationship to the nursing diagnosis
- c) describe guidelines of writing goals
  - i) desirable
  - ii) attainable
- iii) measurable (outcome criteria)
- iv) specific
- d) describe formula for writing goals
- Atkinson, L.O., <u>Understand</u> the Nursing Process, McMil New York, 1980, p. 31.
- 4) select nursing interventions (actions)
  - a) define nursing interventions (actions)
- Kozier & Erb, p. 146-147.
- b) determine which stimuli will be increased, decreased, maintained or modified in nursing action

#### UNIT I: INTRODUCTION TO ADAPTATION, HEALTH & NURSING PROCESS

#### **OBJECTIVES** LEARNING RESOURCES

- c) determine the most appropriate method to increase, decrease, maintain or modify the stimuli by using scientific principle
- d) identify components to include in writing exact nursing actions

Kozier & Erb, p. H7-148,

- i) date
- ii) precise action verb
- iii) content area
- iv) time element
- e) identify categories of nursing actions:
  - i) 0\_ further d^ata
- ii) T nursing therapyiii) T teaching
- iv) IT- referral to appropriate nursing team member
- f) determine a time frame for implementing plan considering:
  - priority of problems
  - ii) time available
  - iii) student ability
    - function of others
    - further data to be gathered
- 5) organize a nursing care plan for a particular client situation

Case Study Sample handout

G. Explain implementation of nursing care to maintain and promote adaptation.

Kozier & Erb. p 153-155

- 1) define implementation (nursing intervention)
- 2) determine feedback points in intervention process
- identify interdependent and independent nursing interventions

#### UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION TO ADAPTATION, HEALTH & NURSING PROCESS

# 4) determine some factors to be

care •

**OBJECTIVES** 

- a) comply with safety regulations
- b) follow scientific principles

considered while implementing

- c) assist client to adapt to health care setting
  - i) accept the rights and roles of client
  - ii) interprets nurses role & expectations to client
- iii) orient client to setting
- d) practice communication skills
- e) accept the inherent worth and dignity of client
- 5) determine ways to ada^t to unexpected situations
  - a) identify sources of help and information
  - b) determine methods to predictunplanned events
- 6) document and report significant information accurately
  - a) distinguish significant information
  - b) identify legal and ethical aspects
  - c) identify lines of communication
  - d) recognize importance of clarity of verbal and written information

LEARNING RESOURCES

Health Sciences Division Philosophy

See Communication Unit

Kozier & £rb, p, 425-439,

Case Study-

# UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION TO ADAPTATION, HEALTH & NURSING PROCESS

OBJECTIVES

LEARNING RESOURCES

- e) identify principles and general rules of written communication eq: charting, Kardex
- f) describe
  - 1) problem oriental records
  - ii) traditional records
- 7} demonstrate psychomoter nursing skills in assessment and intervention. (\*See separate page.)
- H, Determine appropriate criteria for evaluation of nursing care.
- Kozier & Erb, p. 155-157.
- define evaluation of patient outcomes
- determine the process of evaluation
  - a) identify client behaviour which illustrate achievement of goal
  - b) interpret the result
  - c) determine necessity to reassess each step of the nursing process
  - d) determine appropriate modification " of the nursing care plan
- 3) practice evaluation process with a particular client situation

#### **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

#### ADAPTATION

- 1) MURRAY, Ruth and Zentner, Judith, "Nursing Concepts for Health Promotion", New Jersey, Prentice-Hall, 1979, Chapter 7.
- 2) ROY, Sister Calista, "Introduction to Nursing: An Adaptation Model", New Jersey, Prentice-Hall, 1976, Chapter 1.
- 3) SELYE, Hans, "Stress Without Distress", Toronto, McLelland and Stewart, 197^!^
- 4) SIGTAN, Paula, "Student's Yiewpointi A Challenge to the Concept of Adaptation as Healthy", <u>Advances in Nursing Science</u>, Volume 1, Number 4, July, 1979.

# **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

#### HEALTH

- r) CARROLL, C. Dean Miller and John Nash, "Health: The Science of Human Adaptation", Iowa, Wm Brown, 1976, p, 1-9; 480-532.
- 2) FRENCH, Ruth, "<u>Dynamics of Health Care"</u>, 3rd Edition, Toronto, McGraw-Hi11, 19/9, Chapter 1.
- 3) HENDERSON, Virginia, "Principles and Practice of Nursing", New York, MacMillan, 1978, Chapter 2.
- 4) REIF, A.E., "High Level Wellness and Low Level Wellness: An Overview", <u>Health Values</u>, Volume 2, Number 4, July/August, 1978, p. 198-210.